

Algebra 1
Equations with Like Terms

Equations with Like Terms | A1-U02-P06

96 problems · Four activity formats

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Topic focus

Across 96 tasks this topic asks for cancelled pair, surviving term, exact solution, and check, first invalid step, corrected grouping, solution, and check, missing value or identifiability classification with check, net coefficient, exact solution, and verification, route validity, efficiency, exact solution, and check and separate totals, exact solution, and verification.

8 PDFs and a README; 49 buyer pages.

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Name: _____ Date: _____ Class: _____

Answer each question and record the matching bank letter. Give exact values. Give the whole requested response, including any reasoning the question asks for.

In $x + 4x - 2x - 6 = 3$, include every implicit or fractional coefficient when collecting like terms. What is x? _____ Bank label: _____	Solve $3x + 7 + 5x - 4 - 2x + 9 = 36$ by collecting variable terms and constant terms as two separate groups. Show both totals and verify. _____ Bank label: _____
Substitute $x = -3$ into $-2x + 7 + 5x + d = -6$, then determine the missing constant d. Check the completed equation in its original order. _____ Bank label: _____	Some constants or coefficients in $6x - 8 - x + 3 + 3x + 5 = 16$ cancel. Identify only the true inverse pairs, then solve the reduced equation. _____ Bank label: _____
Choose k so that $x = 6$ solves $4x + kx - 3x - 8 = -14$. Explain what the target determines before simplifying the full expression. _____ Bank label: _____	In $2x + 5 - 7x - 5 + 4x + 11 = 14$, determine which additive group has total zero and which terms survive. Solve without combining unlike terms. _____ Bank label: _____
Track the signs of every x-term in $-4x + 2x - 3x + 9 = 34$. State the net coefficient, solve exactly, and verify. _____ Bank label: _____	Simplify and solve $-6x + 9 + 5x - 9 + 3 = -3$. Identify the constant inverse pair without discarding either variable contribution. _____ Bank label: _____

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Begin at START. Answer the card, then find the matching final answer at the top of another card. Use the recording sheet for your reasoning. Visit each card once and continue to FINISH.

Incoming: 11 Solve $5x - 8x + 2x - 11 = -21$. Combine the three signed coefficients before applying inverse operations, then check the original equation. Your response: _____	Incoming: 10 In $-8x + 7x + 4x - 5 = 10$, include every implicit or fractional coefficient when collecting like terms. What is x? Your response: _____
Incoming: -7 Some constants or coefficients in $7x - 8 - 13x + 8 + 9x + 17 = 50$ cancel. Identify only the true inverse pairs, then solve the reduced equation. Your response: _____	Incoming: $-\frac{5}{7}$ Solve $-(\frac{23}{21})x - \frac{13}{16} + (\frac{5}{7})x + \frac{19}{24} + (\frac{4}{15})x + \frac{1}{48} = \frac{62}{385}$ by collecting variable terms and constant terms as two separate groups. Show both totals and verify. Your response: _____
Incoming: -8 Substitute $x = -\frac{9}{5}$ into $-(\frac{3}{2})x - \frac{5}{6} + (\frac{7}{4})x + d = \frac{1}{60}$, then determine the missing constant d. Check the completed equation in its original order. Your response: _____	Incoming: -2 The prescribed solution $x = 4$ must satisfy $3x + kx - x + 5 = 21$. Recover the missing coefficient k and verify after collecting coefficients. Your response: _____

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Evaluate the supplied statement or method. Say whether it is correct, repair it if it is not, and verify the result exactly. Not every prompt contains an error.

Audit the coefficient collection in $3x - 5x + 4x + 7 = 15$. The proposed work is $12x + 7 = 15$; $x = \frac{2}{3}$. Locate the first invalid total and provide a checked correction.

For $4x + 7 - 4x - 7 + 3x + 5 + 2x - 1 = 34$, compare Route A (pair the explicit additive inverses first, then collect the survivors) with Route B (combine terms strictly from left to right). Carry out the efficient valid collection and solve.

Choose an addition order for $2x + 4 + 5x + 6 - 3x - 2 + x + 3 = -9$: A—pair coefficients and constants into convenient small sums before adding; B—combine every term strictly from left to right. Explain the arithmetic advantage, find x , and check.

Audit two proposed grouping routes for $-6x + 8 + 2x - 3 + 5x - 5 - 2x + 7 = -2$. Route A will keep each negative sign attached while grouping variable terms separately from constants; Route B will drop subtraction signs when moving terms into new visual groups. Classify them and solve with preserved signs.

Equations with Like Terms

Full Worked Solutions - excerpt

Worked example

Problem. In $x + 4x - 2x - 6 = 3$, include every implicit or fractional coefficient when collecting like terms. What is x ?

Answer. 3

Explanation and check.

Treat the three x -terms as coefficient copies of one variable. Their total is 3, reducing the left side to $3x - 6$. Hence $x = 3$, and the original equality is true.

Worked example

Problem. Solve $3x + 7 + 5x - 4 - 2x + 9 = 36$ by collecting variable terms and constant terms as two separate groups. Show both totals and verify.

Answer. 4

Explanation and check.

The x -coefficients total 6, while the constants independently total 12. Thus $6x + 12 = 36$, giving $x = 4$; the interleaved original checks.